

Human CADM4 / IGSF4C / NECL-4 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 16033-H02H



Sino Biological Inc.
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

IGSF4C; Necl-4; NECL4; synCAM4; TSLL2; Igdf4c; Igsf4c; Tsl12

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the human CADM4 (NP_660339.1) (Met1-Tyr323) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Human

Expression Host: Human Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Pro 21

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human CADM4 consists 541 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 60.1 kDa.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

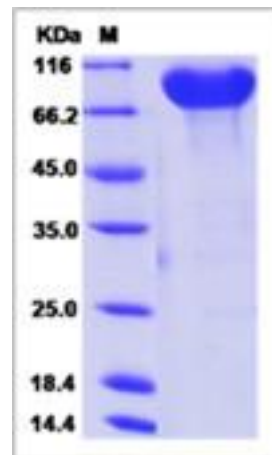
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Immunoglobulin superfamily member 4C (IGSF4C), also known as CADM4 or NECL-4, is an immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily molecule showing significant homology with a lung tumor suppressor, TSLC1. CADM4/IGSF4C/NECL-4 protein is mainly expressed in the kidney, bladder, and prostate in addition to the brain. Experiments have reported the biological significance of CADM4/IGSF4C/NECL-4 in the urinary tissues. An immunohistochemical study reveals that CADM4 is expressed at the cell-cell attachment sites in the renal tubules, the transitional epithelia of the bladder, and the glandular epithelia of the prostate. IGSF4-immunoreactivity (IR) was observed diffusely in the telencephalic wall, whereas it became rather confined to the subplate, the cortical plate and the subventricular zone as the development proceeded. IGSF4-IR gradually decreased after birth and disappeared in adulthood. IGSF4 remained at low levels throughout embryonic stage, whereas it increased after birth. These spatiotemporal patterns of the expression suggest that IGSF4 plays crucial roles in the development of both telencephalon and cerebellum. CADM4/IGSF4C/NECL-4 is ectopically expressed in adult T-cell leukemia (ATL) cells, providing not only a diagnostic marker for ATL, but also a possible therapeutic target against its invasion. The distinct roles of CADM4/IGSF4C/NECL-4 in the oncogenesis of carcinomas and ATL could be due to tissue-specific differences in the downstream cascades, and is a novel concept with respect to cell adhesion in human oncogenesis.

References

1. Williams YN, *et al.* (2006) Cell adhesion and prostate tumor-suppressor activity of TSLL2/IGSF4C, an immunoglobulin superfamily molecule homologous to TSLC1/IGSF4. *Oncogene*. 25(10): 1446-53.
2. Ohta Y, *et al.* (2005) Spatiotemporal patterns of expression of IGSF4 in developing mouse nervous system. *Brain Res Dev Brain Res*. 156(1): 23-31.
3. Shingai T, *et al.* (2003) Implications of nectin-like molecule-2 /IGSF4 /RA175 /SgIGSF /TSLC1 /SynCAM1 in cell-cell adhesion and transmembrane protein localization in epithelial cells. *J Biol Chem*. 278(37): 35421-7.

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