

Mouse Oncostatin M / OSM Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 50112-M08H



Sino Biological Inc.

Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

RP23-453B22.1, OncoM

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mature form of mouse OSM (P53347) (Met 1-Arg 206) was expressed, with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: Human Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio-Activity

1. Measured by its ability to inhibit the proliferation of M1 mouse myeloid leukemia cells. The ED50 for this effect is typically 50-200 ng/mL.
2. Measured in a cell proliferation assay using NIH3T3 cells. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.8-4 ng/mL.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Asn 25

Molecular Mass:

The secreted recombinant mouse OSM comprises 193 amino acids and has a calculated molecular mass of 22 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, the apparent molecular mass of the recombinant protein is approximately 35-40 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose and mannitol are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

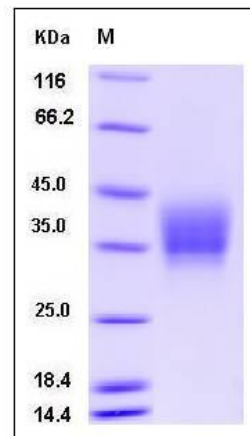
Usage Guide

Storage:

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE:



Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

Protein Description

Oncostatin M (OSM) is a glycoprotein belonging to the interleukin-6 family of cytokines that has functions mainly in cell growth. This polypeptide of Mr approximately 28,000 is found mainly in activated T-lymphocyte cell lines and monocyte, associating with inflammation. Oncostatin M (OSM) is considered as a pleiotropic cytokine that signals through cell surface receptors type I and type II both of which share the similarity of containing protein gp130 and takes part in many biometabolism processes including liver development, haematopoiesis, inflammation, bone formation and destruction and possibly CNS development. Oncostatin M (OSM) was previously identified by its ability to inhibit the growth of cells from melanoma and other solid tumors. It also has been reported that OSM, like LIF, IL-6 and G-CSF, has the ability to inhibit the proliferation of murine M1 myeloid leukemic cells and can induce their differentiation into macrophage-like cells. The human form of OSM is insensitive between pH2 and 11 and resistant to heating for one hour at 56 degree but is not stable at 90 degrees. The human OSM is produced as a precursor containing 252 amino acids, whose first 25 amino acids function as a secretory signal peptide and which on removal yields the soluble 227 amino acid pro-OSM. Removal of the C-terminal most 31 amino acids produces the fully active 196 residue form.

References

1. Modur V. et al., 1997, J Clin Invest. 100 (1): 158-68.
2. Malik N. et al., 1989, Mol Cell Biol. 9 (7): 2847-53.
3. Rose TM. et al., 1991, PNAS. 88 (19): 8641-5.

Manufactured By Sino Biological Inc., FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

Fax :+86-10-51029969 • Tel:+86-400-890-9989 • <http://www.sinobiological.com>