

Mouse IL17 / IL17A Protein

Catalog Number: 51065-MNAE



Sino Biological Inc.

Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

Ctla8, Il17, Il17a

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mature form of mouse IL17a (Q62386) (Thr 22-Ala158) was expressed and purified.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: E. coli

QC Testing

Purity: > 97 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio-Activity

1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA.
2. Immobilized recombinant mouse IL17a (Cat:51065-MNAE) at 10 µg/mL (100 µl/well) can bind human IL17Ra-Fc2h (Cat:10895-H03H) with a linear range of 16-500 ng/mL.

Endotoxin:

Please contact us for more information.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Met

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse IL17a consists of 138 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 15.5 KDa. It migrates as an approximately 16 KDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose and mannitol are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

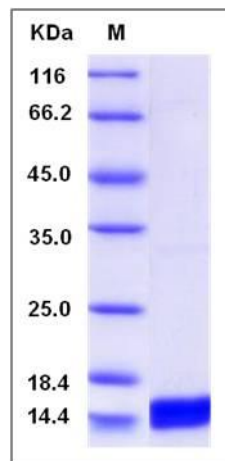
Usage Guide

Storage:

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE:



Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

Protein Description

IL17, also known as IL17a, is a member of the IL-17 family. The IL-17 family of cytokines includes six members, IL-17/IL-17A, IL-17B, IL-17C, IL-17D, IL-17E/IL-25, and IL-17F, which are produced by multiple cell types. Members of this family have a highly conserved C-terminus containing a cysteine-knot fold structure. Most IL-17 proteins are secreted as disulfide-linked dimers, with the exception of IL-17B, which is secreted as a non-covalent homodimer. IL17 is a proinflammatory cytokine produced by activated T cells. It regulates the activities of NF-kappaB and mitogen-activated protein kinases. This cytokine can stimulate the expression of IL6 and cyclooxygenase-2 (PTGS2/COX-2), as well as enhance the production of nitric oxide (NO). High levels of this cytokine are associated with several chronic inflammatory diseases including rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis and multiple sclerosis. IL17 also induces stromal cells to produce proinflammatory and hematopoietic cytokines. It enhances the surface expression of the intracellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1) in fibroblasts.

References

1. Andoh A. et al., 2002, J Immunol. 169 (4): 1683-7.
2. Kotake S. et al., 1999, J Clin Invest. 103 (9): 1345-52.
3. Laan M. et al., 1999, J Immunol. 162 (4): 2347-52.
4. Shin HC. et al., 1999, Cytokine. 10 (11): 841-50.

Manufactured By Sino Biological Inc., FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

Fax :+86-10-51029969 • Tel:+86-400-890-9989 • <http://www.sinobiological.com>